

### IN THE CLAIMS

The listing of the claims will replace all prior versions, and listings, of claims in the application:

1-59. (Canceled)

60. (Currently amended) A stud for use in panel form work for solid filled walls, the stud comprising:

a head formed as a strip, the strip having a relatively broad flat surface adapted to directly abut against and be bonded and/or fastened to an inner face of a panel facing sheet,

a pair of spaced, opposed flanges formed along and extending away from a central portion of the head, the flanges ~~defining~~ formed integrally with the head such that the flanges and a portion of the head spanning between the flanges define a recess with inwardly directed teeth for engagement of a spacer element, and

each flange having an out-turned terminal lip to guide passage of the spacer element into the recess, the out-turned terminal lips defining a widening of the recess,

wherein the passage of a suitably dimensioned spacer element into the recess deforms the flanges and causes the inwardly directed teeth to engage the spacer element.

61. (Previously presented) The stud of Claim 60 wherein the width of the head is substantially greater than the spacing of the flanges on the central portion of the head.

62. (Previously presented) The stud of Claim 60 wherein the width of the head is approximately seven times the spacing between the flanges.

63. (Previously presented) The stud of Claim 60 wherein the flanges are resiliently deformable outwardly by passage of the spacer element to thereby engage the spacer element by compressive contact with the teeth.

64. (Previously presented) The stud of Claim 60 having a cross sectional configuration, formed by the strip and the pair of flanges, which is substantially T-shaped.

65. (Previously presented) The stud of Claim 60 having two or more teeth extending longitudinally along each flange inside the recess.

66. (Canceled)

67. (Previously presented) The stud of Claim 60 wherein the head, flanges and teeth

are formed integrally as an extension.

68. (Previously presented) A building panel containing a stud according to Claim 60.

69. (Currently amended) A form work panel for solid filled walls, including:  
a pair of facing sheets spaced apart by a plurality of stud assemblies,  
the stud assemblies each having a pair of parallel strip-like studs held together by a plurality of spacer elements,

the studs each having a head attached to a respective panel, the head having a relatively broad flat surface directly abutting against and bonded and/or fastened to an inner face of the panel facing sheet, and a pair of parallel spaced, opposed flanges which form a recess extending extend from a central portion of the head into the interior of the panel, the flanges formed integrally with the head such that the flanges and a portion of the head spanning between the flanges define a recess, each flange having an out-turned terminal lip to guide passage of the spacer element into the recess, the out-turned terminal lips defining a widening of the recess,

each spacer element in a stud assembly having tongues which engage respective recesses in the pair of studs, and

each recess in a stud having teeth formed on the flanges to engage the tongues of the spacer elements.

70. (Currently Amended) A panel according to Claim 69 wherein the head of each stud attached to a respective facing sheet is substantially wider than the width of the ~~spacers~~ spacer elements.

71. (Previously presented) A panel according to Claim 69 wherein the width of the head of each stud is more than double the width of the recess formed by the flanges.

72. (Currently amended) A panel according to Claim 69 wherein each head ~~has a relatively broad flat surface~~ is attached to a respective panel by way of adhesive.

73. (Previously presented) A solid filled wall including a panel as claimed in Claim 69 filled with concrete.

74. (Previously presented) The stud of Claim 60 wherein the out-turned terminal lips define a lead-in path for aligning a tongue of the spacer element.

75. (Cancelled)

76. (New) The stud of Claim 60 wherein each flange has a base directly connected to the head and each flange extends directly away from the head.

77. (New) A panel according to Claim 69 wherein the teeth compressively engage an outer surface of the tongues.

78. (New) A panel according to Claim 69 wherein the tongues have a width substantially similar to a width of the recesses so as to give an over dimension to the teeth relative to the tongues.

79. (New) A panel according to Claim 69 wherein at least one of the studs is positioned so that the head of the stud extends substantially to a side edge of the respective facing sheet.

80. (New) A panel according to Claim 79 wherein the head of the at least one stud is for allowing attachment of at least one of:

- an end element for allowing an end of a panel to be closed;
- a joiner element for allowing two adjacent panels to be joined together; and,
- a corner element for allowing two angled panels to be joined together.